

Category K Identity Profile – Other Petroleum Gases (>0.1% benzene and/or 1,3-butadiene).

*This CIP represents the boundary substance compositions in the Joint Registrations for substances in **Category K** under the EU legislation REACH¹. It is included in the Lead Registrant dossiers that are submitted to ECHA². For a valid Joint Registration, the joint registrants' own composition needs to fit within the boundaries (concentration ranges) of the constituents and purity described here. For further details, see the section on Category Identity Profile and Boundary Composition at the end of this document.*

Description of composition

The 'Other Petroleum gases' category covers hydrocarbon streams containing petroleum gases (alkanes/alkenes) predominantly in the C1-C4 range and includes some LPGs. Most members of this category contain <0.1% (w/w) 1,3-butadiene and benzene although some members may contain them in concentrations above 0.1% (w/w). Therefore, butadiene and benzene have been selected as the human health drivers of the category.

State / form

Gas

Manufacturing Process

Members of this category are products of refining from distillation of crude oil, catalytic cracking and catalytic reforming, sometimes in association with steam-crackers, or they are produced in association with natural gas processing.

¹ REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC

² European Chemicals Agency. [📖](#)

Constituents

The following constituents were selected based on the category composition data as reported by the registrants. As per the ECHA UVCB guidance, constituents which are CMR and/or PBT above 0.1% (w/w) and other constituents $\geq 10\%$ (w/w) are reported in the table below.

The concentration ranges shown in this table directly reflect the boundary composition submitted in the lead registrant's dossier.

Constituent / CAS No	Typical Concentration	Concentration Range
Benzene / 71-43-2	ca. 0.2 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 2 % (w/w)
Buta-1,3-diene / 106-99-0	ca. 0.4% (w/w)	0 – ≤ 1 % (w/w)
Carbon Monoxide / 630-08-0	ca. 1.5 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 20 % (w/w)
Pentane / 109-66-0	ca. 3 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 35 % (w/w)
2-Methylpropene / 115-11-7	ca. 44 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 86 % (w/w)
Butene / 25167-67-3	ca. 24 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 97 % (w/w)
(Z)-but-2-ene / 590-18-1	ca. 25 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 50 % (w/w)
(E)-but-2-ene / 624-64-6	ca. 24 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 47 % (w/w)
But-2-ene / 107-01-7	ca. 29% (w/w)	0 – 30 % (w/w)
Butane / 106-97-8	ca. 30 % (w/w)	0 - < 100 % (w/w)
But-1-ene / 106-98-9	ca. 22 % (w/w)	0 – 43 % (w/w)
Ethane / 74-84-0	ca. 11 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 70 % (w/w)
Ethylene / 74-85-1	ca. 12 % (w/w)	0 – < 100 % (w/w)
Hydrogen / 1333-74-0	ca. 36 % (w/w)	0 – < 92 % (w/w)
Isobutane / 75-28-5	ca. 21 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 95 % (w/w)
Methane / 74-82-8	ca. 56 % (w/w)	0 – < 99 % (w/w)
Nitrogen / 7727-37-9	ca. 3 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 40 % (w/w)
Propane / 74-98-6	ca. 30 % (w/w)	0 – < 98 % (w/w)
Propene / 115-07-1	ca. 47 % (w/w)	0 – < 100 % (w/w)
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Constituent / CAS No	Typical Concentration	Concentration Range
Paraffins	ca. 56 % (w/w)	8 - ≤ 100 % (w/w)
Isoparaffins	ca. 15 % (w/w)	0 - ≤ 60 % (w/w)
Olefins	ca. 30 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 80 % (w/w)
Naphthenics	ca. 0 % (w/w)	0 % (w/w)
Aromatics	ca. 0 % (w/w)	0 – ≤ 2 % (w/w)

Impurities

Not applicable to UVCBs

Additives

Not applicable to UVCB

Category Identity Profile and Boundary Composition

This Category Identity Profile has been produced following the currently available ECHA guidance³ by the Analytical Working Group, a Working Group of the LOA Technical Steering Committee, following consultation with Registrants.

The CIP defines the compositional boundaries of the substance that is to be (or has been) registered and consequently the substance for which intrinsic hazard data is submitted, as defined by Annexes VII-X of REACH. It is a document usually agreed between the registrants and potential registrants.

With the introduction of IUCLID 6.4 in April 2016 it became necessary for the Lead Registrant to enter the CIP details into Section 1.2 of IUCLID as the “boundary composition” of the registration prior to any new submission or spontaneous update. Failure to add it will cause rejection of the dossier when uploading into REACH IT.

The business rules of REACH IT also check that information is present which verify that minimum information is present: at least one constituent must be provided, and for each constituent, impurity and additive a reference substance with identifiers, and a concentration range must be given. For UVCB substances, a description of the starting material and process that defines the UVCB composition must be indicated. After submission, the information is displayed on the joint submission page so it can be seen by members of the Substance Information Exchange Forum (SIEF).

³ Guidance for identification and naming of substances under REACH and CLP May 2017 Version 2.1

Current link https://echa.europa.eu/documents/10162/23036412/substance_id_en.pdf/ee696bad-49f6-4fec-b8b7-2c3706113c7d

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It is not necessary for joint registrants to report on boundary composition. However, joint registrants are required to enter their legal entity composition which is automatically checked against the substance boundary composition to ensure that the joint registrant's composition fits into the boundary composition of the CIP.

If a joint registrant is outside the CIP and boundary composition, they need to state this in their dossier - details are given in the ECHA guidance.

If you have any question on this SIP please contact sief.manager@loa-reach.com

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